

# BE PRESENT, BE POWERFUL.



## Health Guidance for Going to School

**Showing up to school every day is critical for children's well-being, engagement and learning.**

**Make sure to send children to school if they are:**

- Generally healthy and well.
- Participating in usual day-to-day activities.
- Children can even go to school if they:
  - Have a mild cold, which may include a runny nose and/or cough.
  - Have a mild stomachache.
  - Have a mild headache.
  - Have a mild rash with no other symptoms.
  - Have not had a fever for at least 24 hours and have not taken fever-reducing medicine during that time.



**Avoid keeping children at home unless they are too sick to participate. Please see the back of this handout for details. Note that in most situations, a health-care provider's note is not needed to return.**

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**Children may also avoid school due to anxiety (symptoms may include decreased appetite, feeling tired, stomachache, headache, etc). If you are worried that your child may be suffering from anxiety, talk with your teacher, the school health staff, social worker or other school staff to discuss the challenge and identify what can help your child stay in school.**

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**If your child has a compromised immune system or is at high risk for complications from common illnesses, please talk to your school health staff (if available) about developing a plan with you and your child's health-care provider to keep your child healthy and safe while attending school.**

*Please note: This document is not meant to take the place of local health department/school district guidance including about contagious illnesses such as Covid-19 and the flu.*



**#AttendanceMattersWESD**

## Reasons to keep me home from school and what needs to happen before I can return

What is my symptom?	When should I stay home and when to seek medical care?	When can I return to school?
<b>Fever</b>	I have a fever of 100.4°F (38°C) or higher. Seek medical care if I have fever and any of the following: ear pain, sore throat, rash, stomachache, headache or tooth pain.	If I have not had a fever for at least 24 hours without the use of fever-reducing medication and I am feeling better.
<b>Vomiting and/or diarrhea</b>	If I have vomited two or more times in the last 24 hours. If my stool is watery and I may not make it to the toilet in time. Seek medical care if I have stomach cramping and fever, I have bloody or black stool, or I am showing signs of dehydration (tired and sleepy, dry mouth and not urinating at least once in the last eight hours).	If I have not vomited for at least 24 hours and I am able to drink liquids without throwing up. If my diarrhea has improved.
<b>Persistent cough or trouble breathing</b>	Seek medical care if I have a persistent cough, difficulty breathing or trouble catching my breath or if I develop a fever with the cough. These symptoms may be signs of a respiratory infection and should be evaluated by a health-care provider.	Once I am feeling better or I have been cleared for return by my health-care provider. If my symptoms were due to asthma, please make sure that I have permission to use breathing medication at school.
<b>Rash</b>	Seek medical care if the rash has blisters, is draining, is painful, looks like bruises and/or if I develop a fever.	Rash has improved or I have been cleared for return by my health-care provider.
<b>Eye irritation</b>	Seek medical care if I have eye swelling, eye pain, eye drainage, trouble seeing or an eye injury.	Once I am feeling better. If I was prescribed an antibiotic by my health-care provider, then I can return 24 hours after the first dose.
<b>Sore throat</b>	Seek medical care if I have drooling, trouble swallowing or a fever and/or rash.	Once I am feeling better. If I was prescribed an antibiotic by my health-care provider, then I can return 24 hours after the first dose, if I am without fever and I am feeling better.

*If you don't know whether to send your child to school or have specific concerns regarding your child's health, contact your child's health-care provider, a local urgent care or the school health office.*